

Name: _____

Date: _____

FOURTH GRADE-READING (READ4_1ALLDOMAINS)

Dear Principal Smith,

I am so proud of what we just learned in school that I thought you should know about it. After doing a unit on New England, in which we learned about how the Pilgrims ate in their times, our teacher decided to teach a unit on nutrition in celebration of National Nutrition Month. At first many of the students in class groaned. But when we started learning about the food pyramid, a new way of organizing foods to help people eat healthier, we began having a lot of fun. I did not know that there were so many tasty fruits like kiwis, peaches, and mangos. They are so sweet. Plus they give you a lot of energy. Boy, the kids in my class love to play. So having a lot of energy from eating the right foods is a good thing.

To finish our nutrition unit, our teacher planned something that everyone was excited about! We had a nutrition luncheon. The class was divided into the five healthy food pyramid groups. Each group decided on foods to bring in for the other kids in class to sample. On the day of the luncheon, the teacher spread out a big blanket on the floor of the class. It was like we were having a picnic. We all tasted healthy foods from the five groups. There were celery and cream cheese boats, broccoli pieces with yogurt dip, crackers with cheese, sweet pineapple halves, casseroles and more! We had a feast! Everything had such delicious flavor. Some students even asked for recipes.

Who would have thought that foods that were healthy for you could taste so good? Now instead of bringing in jellybeans and other candy for a treat, students bring in raisins and apples lightly covered with peanut butter. At lunch, one student brought homemade fruit cocktail with grapes, pineapples, and pears. We all had such a fun time learning in this unit. Maybe next April, the whole school could celebrate in the same way.

Sincerely,

Sam Vail

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1. Why did the children have a nutrition luncheon?
 - A. to learn how to cook
 - B. to eat like the Pilgrims
 - C. to taste foods from the five food groups
 - D. to give a party for Sam
-

2. What kind of passage is this?
- A. report
 - B. story
 - C. poem
 - D. letter
-
3. Sam probably wrote this passage to
- A. encourage the principal to have the entire school celebrate nutrition month next year
 - B. invite the principal to a picnic where only healthy food is served
 - C. ask the principal for his favorite fruit recipes
 - D. tell the principal about what his class learned about the Pilgrims' food

Jekyll Island

Along the southeast coast of Georgia is a strip of islands called "The Golden Isles." Miles of beaches offer swimming and shell collecting for visitors. Each island is an unusual combination of wildlife and beautiful scenery, but one has a particularly interesting history as well: Jekyll Island.

Jekyll Island is the farthest south of the Golden Isles, and many different groups of people have lived here. Remains of Native American settlements from as early as 2500 BC have been found on the island. It was later settled by the French, followed by the Spanish in 1566. Next, the English took control of the island and by 1736 had established a settlement there.

A major part of Jekyll's modern history began in 1886, when fifty of the wealthiest and most socially important leaders of America purchased the island. Families such as the Vanderbilts, Morgans, Rockefellers, and Astors built summer cottages as retreats from the pressures of their business and social lives. The families shared meals and other activities together at The Jekyll Island Club. It is said that when all the club members gathered here in the early part of the twentieth century, they controlled one-sixth of the world's wealth. No uninvited guests were permitted on the island.

Over time, younger family members began to look for more exciting places to relax, and Jekyll gradually lost its popularity among the rich and famous. The last residents left in 1942. The island was fairly deserted for years and the buildings crumbled. Finally in 1947, the state of Georgia bought the island and turned it into a state park. A causeway was built so that the general public could visit the beautiful beaches. Many of the summer

cottages were rebuilt so that the public could view them.

Today, Jekyll Island is a pleasant vacation spot for families. Development has been strictly controlled so that both the natural surroundings and the history of the island remains protected. The sun-kissed beaches of Jekyll Island show why it is truly a "Golden Isle."

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4. Why is Jekyll Island called a "Golden Isle"?
- A. because wealthy families lived there
 - B. because of its sunny beaches
 - C. because the French found gold there
 - D. because it is owned by the state of Georgia
-
5. The author's purpose in writing this passage is to
- A. tell the history of Jekyll Island
 - B. persuade a person to move to Jekyll Island
 - C. explain the activities of the Jekyll Island Club
 - D. describe the way the island looks
-
6. Who mostly visits Jekyll Island today?
- A. the Jekyll Island Club
 - B. socially important leaders
 - C. families on vacation
 - D. wealthy business people
-

The Extraordinary Cat:

A Chinese Tale

"Quite right," agreed the mandarin. "From this day forth my beautiful cat shall be called Cloud."

Two weeks later the mandarin's wife said, "Dear husband, I don't think that Cloud is a proper name for your cat. There is something stronger than the cloud, and that is the wind that blows the cloud about."

"Indeed! From now on my superior cat will be called Wind. Here Wind! Here Wind! Nice little Wind."

During the next month the mandarin's brother came for a visit and agreed that the cat was the most extraordinary animal he had ever seen. "But," he said, "Wind is not a suitable name for this superb creature. The wind is servant to that which it cannot penetrate. . . such as a wall. The wall is stronger than the wind."

"I hadn't thought of that," replied the mandarin, "and you are to be congratulated, brother, for being so observant. From now on, my dearest cat, the most wonderful cat on earth, will be called Wall."

The very next day the royal gardener heard the mandarin call his cat, "Wall," and said, "But sire, you are forgetting that a mouse is able to chew a hole in a wall. The mouse is the strongest."

"How clever of you," said the mandarin. "From this day forth my lovely cat will be called Mouse. Come here Mouse!"

But just then the mandarin's son skipped into the garden to play, and when he heard his father call the cat "Mouse," he started to laugh and laugh!

"What causes you to laugh, my son?" asked the mandarin.

"Father" replied the boy, "everyone knows that there is something stronger than the mouse and that's the cat who catches him!"

The mandarin smiled and then began to laugh with his son. "Of course! How foolish I've been. From now on my extraordinary animal will be called by the name it most deserves, and that is Cat!"

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7. Which of these shows that the mandarin thinks that his cat is extraordinary?
- A. The mandarin makes the cat an advisor.
 - B. The mandarin thinks of the cat like a son.
 - C. The mandarin gives the cat special names.
 - D. The mandarin builds the cat its own garden.
-

8. The advisor to the court thinks that the cat's name should be changed to something more

- A. gentle
 - B. powerful
 - C. beautiful
 - D. playful
-

9. Who tells the mandarin he could change the cat's name to "Mouse"?

- A. the son
 - B. the brother
 - C. the gardener
 - D. the wife
-

Frogs of Loon and Luma

"Where are you from and where are you going?" croaked the Loon frog.

"If only we were taller," replied the Luma frog, "we might be able to see each place

"If only we were taller," replied the Luma frog, "we might be able to see each place from this high vantage point."

So the two frogs agreed to stand on their hind legs and balance each other with their front legs. The Loon frog faced Luma and the Luma frog faced Loon. When they looked over each others shoulders, they didn't realize that in this position their bulgy eyes would see behind them instead of in front.

"How strange!" said the Luma frog. "Loon isn't very special. It's exactly like where I just came from."

"Yes, it's amazing," said the Loon frog. "I thought it would be different and it's not. It's really not worth the bother to go on."

"Since everything everywhere must be just the same," replied the other. "I guess home is the best place for me."

So they both returned home and lived happily ever after for each believed that Loon and Luma were just as similar as the two lily pads in their own two ponds.

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10. The frogs wanted to see each other's home because
- A. they wanted to visit each other
 - B. they thought life there would be more exciting
 - C. they wanted to prove that they lived in a better place
 - D. they thought it would be just the same as where they lived
-
11. The author most likely wrote this passage
- A. to entertain people
 - B. to give information about frogs
 - C. to persuade people to visit different lands
 - D. to describe Loon and Luma
-
12. "They didn't realize that in this position their bulgy eyes would see behind them instead of in front." In this sentence *realize* means almost the same as
- A. declare
 - B. discuss
 - C. comprehend
 - D. claim
-

Gentle Monster of the Deep

The green sea turtle could be called the gentle monster of the deep. It has lived on earth for a long, long time. The meat of this turtle makes excellent soup. So many green turtles have been caught for food that they are now an endangered species.

Endangered species are animals in danger of becoming extinct. This means that someday soon they may no longer exist on earth. Some people are working hard to save the sea turtle by studying its life cycle.

The female turtle returns to the same beach every 2-3 years. She digs a nest with her flippers and lays a clutch of 100 eggs or more. Then she buries the eggs and returns to the sea.

In about two months the baby turtles hatch. The turtle uses a special tooth on its nose to break out of its shell. After hatching, the turtles work together to climb out of the nest and begin a short but dangerous journey to the ocean.

The turtles must hurry to the ocean because sea gulls try to catch them. In the ocean more dangers await them. The turtles must escape many large fish.

The turtles then disappear for a year or more. Experts aren't sure what happens at this time. In about two years, when the turtles are large enough to protect themselves, they can be seen again in the sea.

Volunteer groups now watch and protect turtle nests. They want to make sure that as many turtles as possible return to their life in the sea.

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13. The MOST important idea in this passage is that
- A. sea turtles work together to get out of their nest
 - B. females return to the same beach to lay eggs
 - C. sea gulls and fish use the baby turtles for food
 - D. the sea turtle is an endangered species

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14. The word *extinct* could mean all of these EXCEPT
- A. gone
 - B. living
 - C. ended
 - D. died out

-
15. This passage is an example of
- A. a poem
 - B. a report
 - C. a folk tale
 - D. a friendly letter

"Book" Bookends

by Linda Douglas

1. Fill two small boxes with unpopped popcorn, pebbles, dried beans, or sand in plastic bags.
2. Tape the lids shut.
3. Decorate the boxes with paper and markers to make them look like books lined up on a shelf. Write your favorite book titles along the book "bindings."
4. Use the box bookends to hold your books upright on a shelf.

-
16. Which of these comes LAST in making the bookends?
- A. tape the lids shut
 - B. write book titles
 - C. fill boxes with beans
 - D. decorate the boxes
-
17. Which of these would NOT be a good material to fill the boxes?
- A. pieces of paper
 - B. small marbles
 - C. uncooked rice
 - D. dried peas
-
18. You should fill up the boxes to add
- A. color
 - B. softness
 - C. weight
 - D. decoration

Theodor Geisel

Theodor Geisel loved to draw funny people and animals. He loved to read. When he grew up, he wanted to make reading easy and fun for boys and girls. His first book was an alphabet book, but no one would publish it. For nearly four years, he stopped writing.

Finally in 1936, Theodor took a trip on a ship. As he sat on the deck, he wrote a story about what a boy imagines he sees on his hometown street. Theodor named the story *And to Think That I Saw It on Mulberry Street*. The book was his first big success.

In the 87 years of Theodor's life, he had many other successes. He wrote and had published a total of 47 books. Some of his books teach a lesson. His stories always include strange, make-believe animals and people with funny names. Because he wanted books to be fun for children, he often wrote in silly rhyme. In 1986, he did something different and wrote a book for older folks. This book was called *You're Only Old Once!*

Theodor Geisel used a pen name when he wrote children's books. Some of his most famous ones are: *The Cat in the Hat*, *Horton Hears a Who*, and *Green Eggs and Ham*. Theodor Geisel is better known to children as Dr. Seuss. Theodor was not really a doctor, but he did find a cure for children who were bored with books. His funny books have been delighting children for over fifty years.

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19. Dr. Seuss wrote his FIRST successful book
- A. when he was 87 years old
 - B. as he sat on the deck of a ship
 - C. when he lived on Mulberry Street
 - D. after becoming a doctor
-
20. How many books did Dr. Seuss write and have published?
- A. 5
 - B. 47
 - C. 50
 - D. 87
-
21. This passage is an example of
- A. a fairy tale
 - B. a fable
 - C. a biography
 - D. a poem
-
22. In the fourth paragraph, *pen name* means a name
- A. for a character in a story

- B. given to make-believe animals
- C. that rhymes with silly words
- D. that authors use instead of their own

Right in Your Own Backyard

I have become very interested in taking care of the environment. This happened because of my neighbor, Mr. Edwards. But he is not your typical neighbor. You will not see Mr. Edwards working in his backyard. He works in everyone's backyard, which is Planet Earth!

He has spent many years working for environmental causes. But he never brags about the valuable work he does. Mr. Edwards believes it is people's duty to protect their home, Planet Earth. "Earth is one big backyard. We have to start in our own backyards and work outward," Mr. Edwards always says. Mr. Edwards has turned his words into action. First, he was named tree commissioner for our town. As commissioner, he oversees the planting of trees and teaches people about their environmental benefits. "If I can encourage one person to plant a tree, then I have done my job. Just think of how wonderful it would be if each person planted a tree," Mr. Edwards says. He has encouraged several citizens to plant more trees. In fact, our town has won the *Tree City USA Award* for the past nine years because of Mr. Edwards's work.

Just last year, Mr. Edwards adopted a highway. Throughout the year, he and his friends clean up the litter along his highway. One afternoon, when I was out in my own yard, Mr. Edwards stopped by. He asked me if I wanted to join his highway clean-up group. It is hard work, but also a lot of fun. We wear bright orange safety vests so people can see us on the roadside. We use sticks to pick up the litter, and the town comes and picks up our bags at the end of the day. One of my friends asked me why I clean up the highway when people keep littering anyway. My answer surprised us both.

"Earth is one big backyard. We have to start in our own backyards and work outwards," I proudly replied. We both laughed. I sounded just like Mr. Edwards. "May I join the highway clean-up group?" my friend then asked. "Sure!" I exclaimed with a smile.

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23. This passage is an example of
- A. a letter
 - B. a story
 - C. a drama
 - D. a folk tale

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24. According to the passage, the author
- A. helps Mr. Edwards plant trees
 - B. helps clean up litter along Mr. Edwards's highway
 - C. works in Mr. Edwards's backyard
 - D. adopted a highway
-
25. What would be another good title for this passage?
- A. How to Adopt a Highway
 - B. The Planet Earth
 - C. It's Everyone's Backyard
 - D. My Neighbor, the Tree Commissioner

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FOURTH GRADE-READING(READ4_1ALLDOMAINS)

(Answer Key)

- 1. to taste foods from the five food groups
- 2. letter
- 3. encourage the principal to have the entire school celebrate nutrition month next year
- 4. because of its sunny beaches
- 5. tell the history of Jekyll Island
- 6. families on vacation
- 7. The mandarin gives the cat special names.
- 8. powerful
- 9. the gardener
- 10. they thought life there would be more exciting
- 11. to entertain people
- 12. comprehend
- 13. the sea turtle is an endangered species
- 14. living
- 15. a report
- 16. write book titles
- 17. pieces of paper
- 18. weight

19. as he sat on the deck of a ship
20. 47
21. a biography
22. that authors use instead of their own
23. a story
24. helps clean up litter along Mr. Edwards's highway
25. It's Everyone's Backyard