

Name: _____

Date: _____

FIFTH GRADE-SOCIAL STUDIES (SS5_4)

1. In 1861, the United States was almost to the point of a civil war. The firing on Ft. Sumter by Confederate troops would force President Abraham Lincoln to take action. He had several options, but he chose to

- A. ask people in the South to overthrow their leaders.
- B. surrender Ft. Sumter and raise an army for battle.
- C. meet with Confederate leaders to find a settlement.
- D. surrender Ft. Sumter and hope that would be the end.

2. As a result of Abraham Lincoln being elected president in November, 1860, six states seceded from the Union. By the time of his inauguration in March of 1861, five more states had seceded. In his inaugural address on March 4, 1861, Lincoln said,

"I have no purpose, directly or indirectly, to interfere with the institution of slavery where it exists. I believe I have no lawful right to do so, and I have no inclination to do so."

What does this statement say about Lincoln's purpose?

- A. Lincoln did not plan on forcing the southern states back into the Union.
- B. Lincoln planned to end slavery.
- C. Lincoln did not plan on interfering with slavery where it was already allowed.
- D. Lincoln planned to continue slavery.

3. Charles Richard Drew was an African American physician and surgeon. By 1940, he helped develop "blood banks" to process and store blood plasma for transfusions. What impact did his discovery have during and after World War II?

- A. Blood plasma helped save the lives of injured servicemen and accident victims.
- B. Blood plasma became an important source of revenue for the United States.
- C. Blood plasma helped stop the spread of disease through the military during the war.
- D. Blood plasma research helped develop new drugs to protect children from diseases.

4. Historians have compared the South, before the Civil Rights Movement, to South Africa during apartheid. Which would be true about the South and South Africa?

- A. Segregation and apartheid would both become illegal.

- B. The South and South Africa segregated people based on religion.
- C. Apartheid would be the first to be made illegal.
- D. The South and South Africa segregated people based on income.

Copyright (c) 2002 by The Riverside Publishing Company. All Rights Reserved.

FIFTH GRADE-SOCIAL STUDIES(SS5_4)

(Answer Key)

1. surrender Ft. Sumter and raise an army for battle.
2. Lincoln did not plan on interfering with slavery where it was already allowed.
3. Blood plasma helped save the lives of injured servicemen and accident victims.
4. Segregation and apartheid would both become illegal.